

ST. MARGARET SR. SEC. SCHOOL SAMPLE MID TERM EXAMINATION 2024-25 SUBJECT: ACCOUNTANCY

Time: 3 Hrs. CLASS: XI M.M: 80

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- This Question paper contains 34 questions. All questions are compulsory.
- Please write down the serial no. of the question in the answer-book before attempting it.
- Marks are indicated against each question.
- 25% of the marks allotted to the question would be deducted for not using correct format, narrations and working notes.
- Nothing should be written on the Question paper
- Attempt all parts of a question together.

Q1	Given below are two statements, one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other labelled as Reason (R) Assertion (A): Matching concept necessitates adjustment for outstanding and prepaid expenses. Reason (R): Profit earned by the business can be correctly determined when the revenue earned during that period is compared with the expenditure incurred to earn that revenue (a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A (b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A (c) A is true but R is false (d) A is false but R is true	1
Q2	On 5th April, 2021, timber was purchased from M/s PT Traders for Rs 40,000 on credit, which of the following option will be correct? (a) Furniture of Rs 40,000 will be added to assets & Cash reduced by Rs 40,000. (b) Furniture of Rs 40,000 will be added to assets & Creditors increased byRs 40,000. (c)Rs. 40,000 added to stock & subtracted from cash. (d)Rs 40,000 added to stock & added to creditors (under liabilities)	1
Q3	Aman runs a bakery which supplies products to many small restaurants. He sold one of the old ovens for Rs.6,000 as it had become outdated. As a result of this transaction: (a) Cash A/c will be debited with Rs 6,000 and Sales A/c will be credited (b) Sales A/c will be debited and Cash A/c will be credited with Rs.6,000. (c) Equipment A/c will be debited and Cash A/c will be credited with Rs 6,000 (d) Cash A/c will be debited with Rs.6,000 and Equipment A/c will be credited	1
Q4	Sonia runs a small firm dealing in fancy candles, diyas and incense sticks made with organic ingredients. In the last year, she earned higher revenue due to online sales. She invested a part of extra cash in the stock market by buying shares of Rs 40,000. In the current year, she sold that investment at a price of Rs 64,000. This difference of Rs 24,000 will be termed as: (a) revenue (b) Profit (c) Income (d) Gain	1
Q5	Mr. Ramesh and Mr. Rajesh are lawyers and are partners in a legal firm. Mr. Ramesh pays his annual Life insurance premium of Rs 48,000 on 1st October, 2022. What will be the amount debited to drawings if the accounts of the firm are closed on 31st March every year? (a) Rs 24,000 (b) Rs 36,000 (c) Rs 48,000 (d) Rs 32,000	1

Q6	If accounting information is based on facts and it is verifiable by documents, it has the quality of.	1				
	(a) Relevance (b) Reliability (c) Understandability (d) Comparability					
Q7	How will an account be balanced if the total of debit side is more than the total of credit	1				
	side?					
	(a) By writing "By balance b/d" on the credit side					
	(b) By writing "To balance c/d" on the debit side					
	(c) By writing "By balance c/d" on the credit side					
	(d) By writing "To balance b/d" on the debit side					
Q8	Purchases Book is a part of	1				
	(a) Journal (b) Ledger (c) Income Statement (d) Balance Sheet					
Q9	Given below are two statements, one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other labelled					
	as Reason (R)					
	Assertion (A): Single Column Cash book with Bank Column will always show a Dr.					
	balance .					
	Reason (R): Payments in the Cash column of Cash Book cannot be more than the opening					
	balance of cash and its receipts.					
	In the context of the above statements, which one of the following is correct?					
	(a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A					
	(b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A					
	(c) A is true but R is false (d) A is false but R is true					
Q10	X returned goods for Rs 22,000 to us. The account debited will be:	1				
QIU	(a) Goods Account (b) X's Account (c) Return Inward Account (d) Return Outward	1				
	Account					
Q11	Which of the following is a contra entry?	1				
-	(1) Cash deposited into bank					
	(2) Cash sales deposited into bank immediately					
	(3) Cheque received from a customer and deposited into bank on the same day					
	(4) Cash withdrawn from the bank for office use.					
	Choose the correct option					
	(a) Option 1 is correct					
	(b) Option 1 & 2 are correct					
	(c) Option 1 & 4 are correct					
	(d) Option 2 & 3 are correct					
Q12	Which of the following statements is true?	1				
	(a) Cash Book is a journal and not a ledger (b) Cash Book is a ledger and not a journal					
	(c) Cash Book is both a journal and a ledger (d) Cash Book is neither a journal nor a					
012	ledger Accounting standards are formulated by	1				
Q13		1				
	(a) Planning Commission (b) Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (c) Companies Act. 2013 (d) Institute of Company Secretaries of India					
Q14	(c) Companies Act. 2013 (d) Institute of Company Secretaries of India The concept that a business enterprise will not be sold or liquidated in the near future.	1				
Q14	This statement is based on					
	(a) Business Entity Principle (b) Money Measurement Principle					
	(c) Matching Principle (d) Going Concern assumption					
Q15	Given below are two statements, one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other labelled as	1				
Q13	Reason (R): Assertion (A) There should be a sufficient disclosure of information which	-				
	is of material interest to users					
		1				

		1
	Reason (R): The Companies Act 2013 does not make ample provisions for the disclosure	
	of essential information in Financial Statements of a company.	
	In the context of the above statements, which one of the following is correct?	
	(a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A	
	(b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A	
	(c) A is true but R is false	
	(d) A is false but R is true	
Q16	Which of the following transactions increases one liability and decreases another?	1
	(a) Acceptance of Bills payable (b) Payment of Bills payable	
	(c) Repayment of loan (d) Payment of salaries of last year	
Q17	Under the Companies Act 2013, all companies are required to maintain their accounts	1
	according to	
	(a) Cash basis (b) Accrual basis (c) Either Cash or Accrual basis (d) None of the above	
Q18	On inter-state (ie., outside the state) purchase of goods, which of the following GST is	1
Q10	levied?	_
	(a) IGST (b) IGST and CGST (c) CGST (d) SGST	
Q19	Goods means	1
419		1
	(a) Commodity to be bought and sold (b) Commodity to be bought and not to be sold	
020	(c) Commodity to be used an Asset (d) All of the above	1
Q20	Internal users of accounting information include all of the following except-	1
	(a) Store Manager (c) Supplier	
	(b) Chief Financial Officer (d) Chief Executive Office	
Q21	'A' commenced his cloth business on 1st April, 2022 with a capital Rs 3,00,000. On 31st	3
	March, 2023 his assets were worth Rs 5,00,000 and liabilities worth Rs 1,00,000. Find	
	out his closing capital and profits earned during the year.	
Q 22	Classify the following accounts under personal, real or nominal accounts:	3
	(i) Commission Received (ii) Commission Accrued (iii) Prepaid Salaries	
	(iv) Leasehold Property A/c (v) Discount Allowed (vi) Carriage Inwards A/c	
	(vii) Life Insurance Corporation of India (viii) Drawings A/c (ix) Rent Received in	
	Advance (x) Debtors (xi) Sales A/c (xii) Bank Overdraft	
Q 23	Distinguish between:	3
	(i) profit and gain (ii) Current assets and fixed assets	
Q24	Identify and prepare a voucher in the books of M/S Elegant furniture, Kirti Nagar, Delhi	3
_ ~	from the following information :	
	On 2023 January 08 Paid cash Rs.10,000 to Hari & Sons, Patna for purchase of 2 sewing	
	machines vide cash memo no. 1230	
Q25	Identify and explain the accounting principle which state that all anticipated losses should	3
QZS		٥
	be recorded but all anticipated profits should be ignored.	
026	Under which principle the colibre or quality of the management is not disclosed in the	2
Q26	Under which principle the calibre or quality of the management is not disclosed in the	3
	balance sheet. Identify and explain.	
0.5=		-
Q 27		4
	transactions have been entered within the state of Bihar, charging CGST and	
	SGST @9% each.	
	i. Bought goods from Nanak Bros. for Rs. 4,00,000 at 10% trade discount.	
	ii. Sold goods to Kumar & Sons. For Rs. 2,00,000 at 20% trade discount.	
	iii. Paid GST to Government.	
		1

Q28	Journalise the following transactions in the books of Mathur Bros.						
	2023						
	Feb.17 Purchased goods costing Rs. 1,00,000 from Sahil & Co. Paid 60%						
	immediately by cheque to avail 5% discount. Feb. 26 Sold to Kanika & Co. goods costing Rs 1,00,000 at 20% profit, allowing						
	10% trade discount and 5% cash discount. Kanika & Co. made 40%						
	payment immediately by cheque.						
Q29	Enter the following transactions in the Purchase Book of Ram Nath & Sons, 4						
	dealer of statio	nery items	,U.P and ch	arge CGST @ 6% and SGST @	6%.		
	2017						
	3 rd March Purchase from M/S Maharana stationery on credit of U.P						
		15	0 Note Bool	ks @ Rs. 15 each			
		50	Registers @	୍ରି Rs. 30 each			
		20	pens @ Rs.	. 5 per pen			
	Trade discount @ 6%						
	March 10 Purchase from Ramesh a computer on credit for Rs. 25,000						
	March 13 Purchase from Gupta Stationery on credit of Delhi						
	20 Dozen pens @ Rs. 4 per pen						
	25 Dozen pencils @ Rs. 4 per dozen						
	Trade Discount @ 15%						
	March 21 Purchase from Mohan Stationery for cash of Delhi						
	20 Note Books @ Rs. 15 each						
			<u> </u>	l @ Rs. 4 per Dozen			
Q 30		_		ted from the books of Kapoor & So 2023 the amount required to balar		6	
	entered as capit		31 march 2	.023 the amount required to balar	ice siloulu be		
			Rs		Rs		
	Purchases		1,82,000	Proprietor's withdrawals	6,000		
	Stock on 1 st April 2022 Sales		35,000	Sundry debtors	36,000		
			4,00,000	Sundry creditors	12,000		
	Sundry expenses		1500	Bad debts	1,000		
	Leasehold premises		50,000	Investments	20,000		
	Freehold premises Return inwards		1,80,000 2500	Interest on investments	60,000		
	Furniture and fixtures		<u> </u>		80,000		
	Equipment				6,500		
	Repairs to equi	pment	500	Petty cash account	40		
	Depreciation 8000 Balance at bank 3460						

				Stock on adjusted)	31 march 2023(n	ot 46,000	
Q31	Show the accounting equation on the basis of the following transactions:- (i) Commenced business with cash Rs.110000. (ii) Purchased machinery for Rs. 60000 (iii) Withdrew cash from business for personal use Rs 2000 (iv) Interest on drawings Rs. 200 (v) Paid rent in advance Rs.1,000. (vi) Purchased goods for cash Rs.30,000 and credit Rs.20,000.						6
Q32		_	ns in two-co	lumn cash b	ook with cash and	bank column o	f 6
	Ms. Ayasha 2018	1				Rs.	
	Jan. 1	Cash in Hand				2,200	
	30 1	Cash at Bank				50,000	
	Jan. 3			5,000; Trad	e Discount 20%;		
	7 4	Payment made		Tue de Dies			
	Jan. 4	Sold goods for I			ount 15%;		
	Jan. 5	Payment received by Cheque Received a cheque from Naresh 1,000					
	Jan. 8	Cheque received from Naresh endorsed to Suresh in full					
		settlement of his account of Rs. 1,050					
	Jan. 10	Paid Life Insurance Premium of Mr. Mohan 100					
	Jan. 13	Received a cheque from Pawan in full settlement of his account of Rs. 750					
	Jan. 16	Pawan's cheque returned dishonoured by Bank					
	Jan. 20	Deposited into Bank, balance of Cash in excess of Rs. 250					
Q33	Post the fo	llowing Journal E					6
	Data	Doutioulou	<u>Jo</u>	urnal	Dr. (Dc.)	Cr. (Do	$\overline{}$
	Date 2016	Particular	Dr	L.F	Dr. (Rs.) 21,000	Cr. (Rs.	·)
	June 7	RameshDr. 21,000 To sales A/c			21,00	o	
	June 9	Purchases A/cDr. 40,000					
		To Cash A/c To Discount Received A/c 39,000 1,000					
	June 11	Sales Return / To Ramesh	4/cD	r.	5,000	5,00	0

- Q34 Journalise the following items in the books of Radha Kamal & Sons, giving suitable narrations:-
 - (i) Bought goods from Nilesh for Cash Rs.50,000. Also paid 1,000 for their carriage.
 - (ii) Paid to Sita Rs 9,650 in full payment of her dues of 10,000.
 - (iii) Purchased a machinery by giving a cheque of Rs 3,00,000 and paid Rs. 25,000 in Cash as wages on its installation.

6

- (iv) Bricks for Rs.15,00,000 and timber for Rs. 10,00,000 purchased for the construction of building. The payment was made by cheque.
- (v) Purchased an old machinery for Rs.1,00,000 and spent Rs.5,000 on its carriage and Rs.20,000 on its immediate repairs. Entire payment is made by Cheque.
- (vi) Paid Rs.2,500 for repairing the office furniture.