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SAMPLE PAPER (ANNUAL EXAMINATION 2023-24)

SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE

CLASS: VII

Time: 2.5Hr

M.M: 60

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- I. Question paper comprises five Sections A, B, C, D and E. There are 29 questions in the question paper. All questions are compulsory.
- II. Section A - From question 1 to 15 are MCQs of 1 mark each.
- III. Section-B - Questions no from 16 and 17 are source based and case study questions
- IV. Section C - Question no. 18 to 22 are Very Short Answer Type Questions, carrying 2 marks each.
- V. Section D Questions 23 to 25 are Short Answer Type Questions, carrying 3 marks each.
- VI. Section D- Question no. 26 to 28 are long answer type questions, carrying 5 marks each.
- VII. Section F - Question no. 29 is map based, carrying 3 marks
- VIII. There is no overall choice in the question paper. In addition to this, separate instructions are given with each section and question wherever necessary.

SECTION A: MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

15X1=15

1 Government control over media is known as

- (a) Censorship (b) Partnership (c) Emergency (d) Independence

2 Who is the first one to buy goods in large quantities?

- (a) Retailer (b) Consumer (c) Wholesaler (d) Transporter

3 Who is the head of the State?

- (a) Chief Minister (b) Chief Justice (c) President (d) Governor

4 What was the purpose for setting Anganwadis in several villages?

- (a) Adult Education centres (c) Health centres
(b) Child Care centres (d) Yoga centre

5 A factory where seeds are removed from cotton bolls and then spun into thread :

- (a) Ginning mill (c) Handloom factory
(b) Cloth mill (d) Power loom factory

6 The amount that is left or gained from earnings after deduction of all the costs is called

- (a) Losses (b) profits (c) investment (d) all of these

7 Religious biographies are called

- (a) Autobiography (b) Geography (c) Photography (d) Hagiography

8 Who was Dantidurga?

- (a) Rastrakutas chief (b) Cholas chief (c) Chalukyas chief (d) None of these

9 Why was Raziyya removed from the throne?

- (a) Raziyya was not qualified (b) Raziyya was under age
(c) Raziyya was women (d) None of these

10 Babur defeated _____ to capture Delhi and Agra?

- (a) Genghis Khan (b) Humayun (c) Ibrahim Lodi (d) None of these

11 Deodars and firs are a type of :

- (a) Coniferous trees (b) Deciduous trees (c) Shrubs (d) Tropical hardwood

12 Niagara falls are located on the border between _____

- (a) Canada and USA (c) India and China
(b) India and Pakistan (d) Mexico and USA

13 It is the second most plentiful gas in the atmosphere.

- (a) Argon (b) Nitrogen (c) Oxygen (d) Carbon dioxide

14 March 22 is celebrated as World:

- (a) Water Day (b) Pollution Day (c) Earth Day (d) Forest Day

15 Bedounis and Tuerags are the nomadic groups of-----Continent.

- (a) Asia (b) Australia (c) Africa (d) Europe

SECTION B

(SOURCE BASED QUESTION)

16) The main source of income available to Mughal rulers was tax on the produce of the peasantry. In most places peasants paid taxes through the rural elites, that is the headman or the chieftain. The Mughal used one term zamindars to describe all intermediaries whether they were local headman of village or powerful chieftains. Akbar's revenue minister Todar Mal carried out a careful survey of Crop yield prices and areas cultivated for 10 years period 1570- 1580. Based on this data tax was fixed on each crop in cash. Each province was divided into revenue circle with its own schedule of revenue rates for individual crops. This revenue system was known as zabt. It was prevalent in those Areas where Mughal administrators could survey the land and keep very careful accounts this was not possible in provinces such as Gujarat and Bengal.

Answer the following questions-

- (a) What was the main source of income of Mughal rulers? **1**
(b) Who was the revenue minister of Akbar's Court? **1**
(c) Explain the term zabt. **2**

CASE STUDY

4X1=4

17) Erode's bi-weekly cloth market in Tamil Nadu is one of the largest cloth markets in the world. A large variety of cloth is sold in this market. Cloth that is made by weavers in the villages around is also brought here for sale. Around the market are offices of cloth merchants who buy this cloth. On market days, you would also find weavers bringing cloth that has been made on order from the merchant. These merchants supply cloth on order to garment manufacturers and exporters around the country.

Answer the following questions-

- a) Which cloth market in India is one of the largest cloth market in the world ?
b) Which type of cloth is brought here for sale?
c) Who majorly buy these clothes?
d) Whom do the merchants supply clothes to?

SECTION C (BRIEF QUESTIONS)**2X5=10**

- 18) Who were the authors of Tawarikhs? What do you know about these authors?
- 19) What did the new dynasties do to gain acceptance?
- 20) Explain Spring tides and Neap tides?
- 21) State the uses of atmosphere?
- 22) Why should decisions taken by the Chief Minister and other Ministers be debated in the legislative?

SECTION D (SHORT ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS)**3X3=9**

- 23) In what way does the media play an important role in a democracy?
- 24) What was the relationship between the mansabdars and jagirs?
- 25) Write a short note on the climate of the Amazon Basin?

SECTION E (LONG ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS)**3X5=15**

- 26) What is the role of the weaver's cooperative?
- 27) how were the Sikhs organised in the eighteenth century?
- 28) How is the cultural landscape of Sahara Desert changing?

SECTION F (MAP WORK)**3X1=3**

- 29) On a political map of India locate and mark the following National Parks:
- a) Jim Corbett National Park
 - b) Periyar National Park
 - c) Kanha National Park